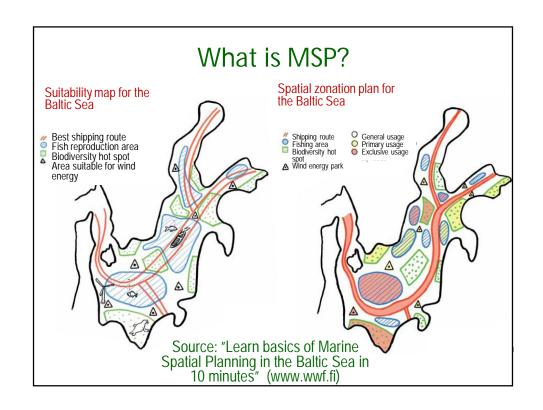
MARISPLAN Marine Spatial Planning in a Changing Climate



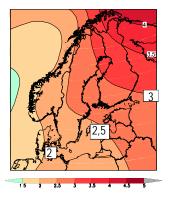
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Climate change vs. Marine Spatial Planning

Air temperature will increase Precipitation will increase



- ⇒ SPATIAL shifts in sea & land:
 - ⇒ Hydrography (temperature and salinity)
 ⇒ Land use / agriculture
 ⇒ Nutrient loading
- ⇒ Consequences to the marine ecosystem
- ⇒ A challenge to
 - ⇒ marine protection
 - ⇒ sustainable use of ecosystem services

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MARISPLAN - objectives

Investigations on climate induced changes in...

1. Physical environment **FMI** Jari Haapala 2. Watershed processes SYKE Freshwater Centre Bertel Vehviläinen 3. Agriculture MTT Agrifood Research Heikki Lehtonen 4. Baltic Sea ecosystem SYKE Marine Res. Centre Maiju Lehtiniemi Coastal fish and fisheries FGFRI Lauri Urho

SYKE Env. Policy Centre Mikael Hildén Policy Helsinki City Env. Centre J.-P. Pääkkönen

- Assessment of management approaches and adaptation options
- Practical guidelines for climate adaptive MSP in local scale

WP1 Marine physics

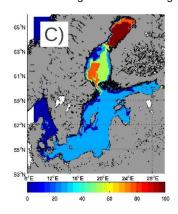
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WP1. Development of Baltic Sea community model

Ocean & sea ice modelling

- 3D model based on NEMO/LIM-3 ocean engine
- Baltic Sea North Sea
- Sea ice model
- Horizontal resolution: 2 nm; vertical resolution: 84 layers
- Co-developed with SMHI

Probability of sea surface temp.increasing by more than 3 degrees in June-August





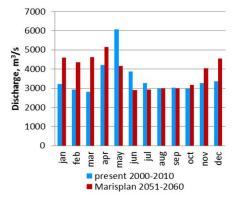
WP2 Hydrology and nutrient dynamics

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WP 2. Assessment of Baltic Sea nutrient loads under changing climate

Using the MARISPLAN scenarios for climate (WP1) and agricultural change (WP3), WSFS-VEMALA model predicts for the Finnish watersheds:

Increase in freshwater discharge: +11% by 2060



Prediction for 2051-60:

- ⇒ Increase in N loading by 8%
- ⇒ Decrease in P loading by 3%

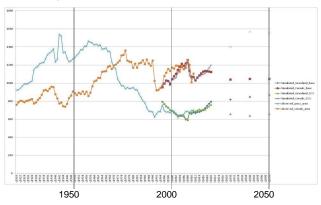
WP3 Agriculture

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WP 3. Regional agricultural development

Land use changes in agriculture – observed grassland and cereals areas: observed in 1920-2010; simulated in 1995-2050

- Take into account: climate, markets, policies;
- •Study: Field level, farm level, sector level



Until 2050:

- cereals & grass: 40% increase
- protein crops (oilseeds, peas) and winter cereals: 90% increase



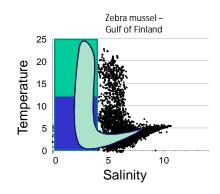
WP4 Marine ecosystem WP5 Fish and fisheries

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WP4. Changes in distribution of Baltic Sea biota

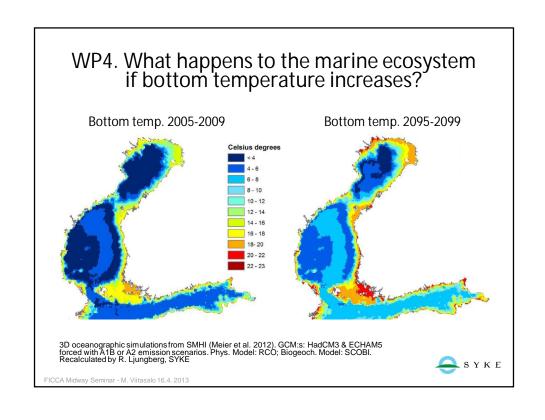
Zebra mussel (*Dreissena polymorpha*): a non-indigenous invasive freshwater species in the Baltic Sea







WP5. Changes in coastal fish and fisheries due to changing climate Reproduction areas will be predicted by using spatial distribution models Data from Wp1 and 2 are used in the future scenario modeling Study species: roach, pikeperch and whitefish Roach reproduction areas (red colour) Preliminary scenario model for roach reproduction (Härmä et al. 2008) Preliminary scenario model for roach reproduction (only with salinity data)



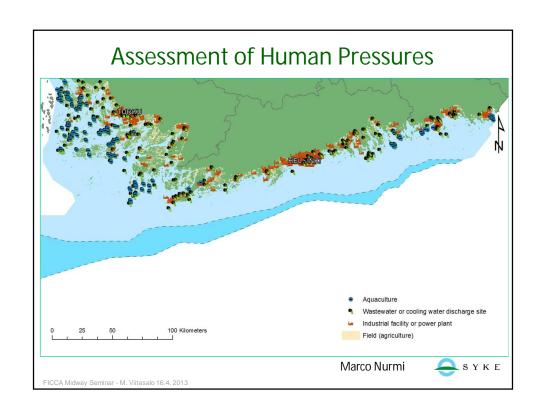
WP6 Society

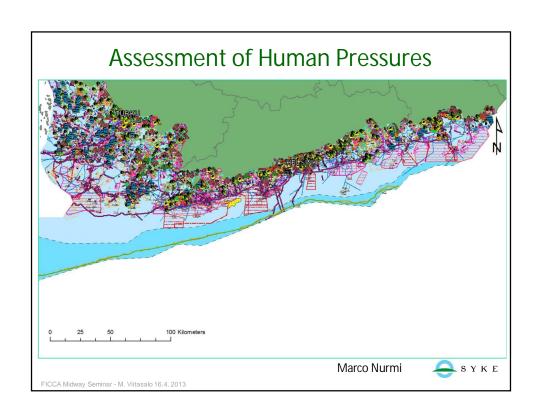
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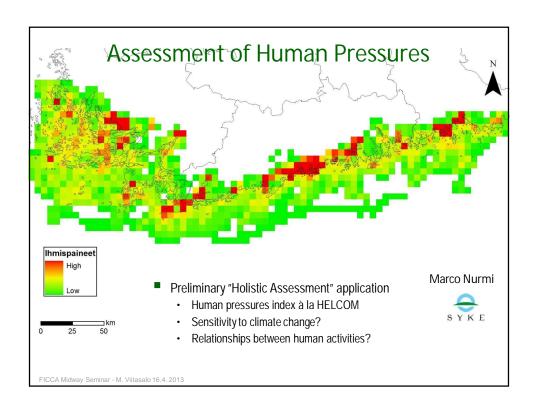
WP6. Adaptation of society to climate change

- Under work: Present planning practises and future planning needs: Interviews of national level actors
- MSP as a tool for adaptation to climate change? Conceptual paper presented in a Climate Change conference in Helsinki
- Case studies
 - Bothnian Sea (National park!)
 - Helsinki sea area (co-operation with the City of Helsinki)
- Other links: VELMU programme, Kymenlaakso regional planning

⊖ S Y K E







Summary

This far:

- •First scenarios have been made: promising results
- •Links between the studied processes will be analysed further
- Consequences for MSP will be assessed